

Birth to 3 Program Functional Vision Screening Tool

Child's Name:		Gender:		
Date of Birth:	Chronological Age:	Adjusted Age:		
County:	Agency:			
Screener Name/Title: _		Screening Date:		
Birth to 3 Program produced old) for vision testing. I	3 Program Functional Vision Screwider in determining when it might t is not an assessment nor diagnorn or virtually) within 30 days of interevelopment.	be appropriate to refer a ch stic tool for vision issues. It	nild (birth to 3 should be	years
or sounds, to ensure y familiar toys that the chooking: stopping sucking also important to take ability to move their he screener should be adcaregiver, while other of the state by Vision For Program. Please containings or the state of the	Most accurate results are obtained ou are screening the child's vision, hild has touched. Remember some ing or moving momentarily, blink rea quick look at a child's positioning ad or eyes. For example, if a child justing where to present objects at children should be positioned sitting this Birth to 3 Program Functional ward Association and the Wiscons act Colleen Kickbush, Vision Service where we will be considered as the children should be positioned sitting the considered and the wiscons act Colleen Kickbush, Vision Service where we will be considered as the children and the wiscons act Colleen Kickbush, Vision Service where we will be considered as the children and the wiscons act Colleen Kickbush, Vision Service where we will be considered as the child's vision-forward.org	not other senses. Use only of these common indicator esponse to light, and fixating and consider how it may in has a significant head turn their midline. Infants should with support if needed. It Vision Screening Tool are in Department of Health Seces Manager and Teacher of	y a penlight a rs that an infa g or locking g mpact the chil to one side, t ld be held by a e offered throu	nd ant is aze. It is Id's the a ughout o 3
Results Summary	I on the regulte of each coation of t	no corponing tool		
Family/Birth History and Initia	on the results of each section of t Observations	le screening tool.	□ Pass	□ Refer
Vision Development Checklist	t		□ Pass	
Comments (Reason for Refe	rral and/or Parent/Provider Conce	ns):		
Recommend r □ Refer: Based	used this Tool, there are no significe-screen every 6 months. on the findings of this screening, it inctional vision evaluation (see belalists.	is recommended that the o	child be referre	ed for a
□ Pediat □ Teach	erred to BOTH (For resources, Corric Optometry/Ophthalmology or Per of the Visually Impaired who conservices for children ages 0-3	ediatrician for vision specia	alist referral A	

Family/Birth History and Initial Observations
Based upon caregiver interview and observation of the child, indicate Yes or No for each question or statement. One or more **Yes** answers in this section are reason for referral. **Exception:** Do not refer upon finding one **Yes** answer in Family/Birth History section alone (except caregiver vision concerns). Child must also have an additional **Yes** answer in another area on the screening tool.

Family/Birth History	
1. Do the parents/caregivers have concerns regarding vision?	□ Yes □ No
2. Does anyone in the family have severe vision loss or an eye disease that was diagnosed before the age of 18? (e.g., albinism, amblyopia, cataracts, strabismus, retinoblastoma)	□ Yes □ No
3. Did the child's mother have any serious infections or diseases during pregnancy? (e.g., rubella, cytomegalovirus (CMV), toxoplasmosis, syphilis, herpes, etc.)	□ Yes □ No
4. Was the child born prematurely prior to 33 weeks or born weighing less than 3 pounds?	☐ Yes ☐ No
5. Were there any post-natal infections? (e.g., meningitis, encephalitis, hydrocephalus, etc.)	☐ Yes ☐ No
6. Was there any kind of head trauma at birth or shortly thereafter?	☐ Yes ☐ No
7. Has any syndrome been identified (e.g. Down Syndrome, CHARGE, Usher, WAGR)?	□ Yes □ No
8. Has cerebral palsy been identified or suspected?	□ Yes □ No
Initial Observations: Function	
 Does not blink to an object, such as a hand, coming quickly/directly toward their face. (no touch/breeze or sound involved; around 5 months old a child should blink; if child blinks check no, if child does not blink check yes) 	☐ Yes ☐ No
 Demonstrates a preference for one eye. (Does the child turn/tilt their eyes and/or head to fixate on a familiar toy at midline?) 	□ Yes □ No
4. Holds objects far away or unusually close (or moves very close to objects) when looking.	☐ Yes ☐ No
5. Does not look at people or objects beyond 3 feet. (no sound or verbal cues provided; does not watch parent or pet walking around the room)	□ Yes □ No
5. Frequently trips or crawls/runs into things. (after moving by that means (crawling/walking) for at least 3-4 months; if not applicable check no)	□ Yes □ No
6. Unable to sustain looking for at least 10 seconds or avoids looking at people or objects.	□ Yes □ No
7. Squints, cries, or otherwise indicates pain in bright light situations (e.g. sunlight).	□ Yes □ No
8. Unable to smoothly follow moving objects in one or more directions with both eyes or there are breaks (e.g. blinking, looking away, or switching eyes) as the object crosses midline.	□ Yes □ No
Initial Observations: Appearance	
1. Eyes are crossed, turn in or out, or move independently of one another all the time, part of the time, or when the child is tired. (around 3 months both eyes should move together)	□ Yes □ No
2. One or both eyelids droop to cover pupils (black holes in the center of the eyes).	□ Yes □ No
3. Eyes shake or move constantly.	☐ Yes ☐ No
4. Iris (colored part of the eye) appears pink or violet.	☐ Yes ☐ No
5. One or both of the eye orbits (bone structures around eyes) looks misshaped.	☐ Yes ☐ No
6. One or both pupils are white, cloudy, or any color other than black.	□ Yes □ No
7. One or both pupils are not round and appear misshaped (e.g. tear-drop shaped).	□ Yes □ No
8. Pupils are unequal in size to each other or there is a delayed reaction to changes in light.	☐ Yes ☐ No

Vision Development Checklist

For each statement in the child's adjusted age range, check the box to indicate **Yes** or leave it blank to indicate **No**. If there are 2 or more **No** (unchecked) responses in the child's age range, mark **Refer** on the front page under Results Summary.

Age	Visual Skills
	□ Stares at lights, windows, and bright walls
Birth to 1 Month	□ Looks briefly at caregiver's face (within 8-12 inches while at holding distance)
	☐ Gazes briefly at objects placed in field of vision (may stop sucking or moving momentarily)
	□ Pupil gets smaller when light is shone in either eye, both pupils get equally larger when lights are turned down
	□ Seems to focus best on objects about 8 to 12 inches from face (about holding distance)
	☐ Follows/tracks slowly moving object horizontally with eyes (both eyes not always moving together)
	□ Makes eye contact with you (without hearing your voice)
1 to 3 Months	☐ Smiles in response to looking into face of a person who is talking or smiling
	□ Visually inspects their own hands and nearby surroundings
	☐ Fixates on objects and high contrast patterns within field of vision
	□ Focuses on objects from 5 inches to as close as 3 inches
	□ Will turn toward a familiar object brought in from the side
	□ Looks at objects/toys in their hands momentarily
	□ Visually attends to objects at distances from 5 to 20 inches and views objects at 3 feet
3 to 5	□ Looks at and reaches for most toys within arm's reach
Months	□ Follows or tracks an object vertically or a fast-moving object horizontally
	□ Looks back and forth between 2 objects/people
	□ Bats at objects that are suspended above him/her
	□ Reacts differently to different people and responds to a variety of facial expressions
5 to 7 Months	□ Smiles, pats, or kisses their image in a mirror
	□ Laughs at peek-a-boo games (even without voice)
	□ Watches people at least 6 feet away
	☐ Tries to reach out and grasp toys or objects
	□ Both eyes are straight and always move together (should not be turning in/out/up/ down)

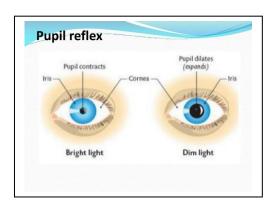
7 to 12 Months	□ Looks for toys that they have dropped
	□ Interested in pictures or picture books
	□ Reaches for and tries to pick up a small object like cereal, raisin, or lint
	□ Moves, by any means, toward an object at least 5 feet away
	□ Tracks objects with eyes rather than just head
12 to 18+ Months	□ Watches a favorite toy dropped into a container
	□ Fixates on facial expression and imitates it
	□ Looks at distant objects out the window such as cars or people
	□ Looks toward indicated objects when requested
	☐ Turns a book right side up to look at pictures (given the book upside down)

Note: Typical vision development is completed at approximately 18 Months; therefore, any Children 18 Months and older should have every visual skill on the checklist.

Definitions and Background Information

Anatomy of the Eye

- Eyelid—fold of skin that covers and protects the eye.
- Iris—colored part of the eye responsible for controlling the size of the pupil and the amount of light reaching the retina at the back of the eye.
- Orbit—the cavity or socket of the skull in which the eyeball is situated.
- Pupil—black hole located in the center of the eye that allows light to enter toward the retina at the back of the eye. Pupils should be round, black, and equal in size. Pupils in both eyes should equally and quickly respond to light and change size by getting smaller with light and larger in a darkened room. In darkness, a penlight reflection should be centered or slightly nasal (toward the nose) in BOTH pupils.



Sources: 1) American Association of Pediatric Ophthalmology and Strabismus, 2) Hearing and Vision Connections (2016). Illinois Functional Vision Screening Tool (0-3) by Dr. Mindy Ely. 3) Illinois School for the Visually Impaired (2020). Illinois Functional Vision Screening Tool (0-3). http://illinoisdeaf.org/Outreach/Screeningtool.html. 4) Prevent Blindness 5) Wisconsin Department of Health Services Typical Vision Developmental Milestones (Children 0 to 3 Years of Age)

Adapted by Colleen Kickbush, Vision Services Manager and Teacher of the Visually Impaired (TVI), in November of 2022. Made possible by a partnership between Vision Forward Association and the Wisconsin Department of Health Services Birth to 3 Program.



